

CHAPTER J

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Most of Herndon's boundaries evolved naturally from the original division of Robert Carter's patent by the Page family in about 1790. Consequently, the boundaries of Herndon were not arbitrarily drawn but developed out of a rather clear historical trend, even if, as is probable, the founders of Herndon did not recognize this logic.

These boundary line descriptions refer to the map which follows.

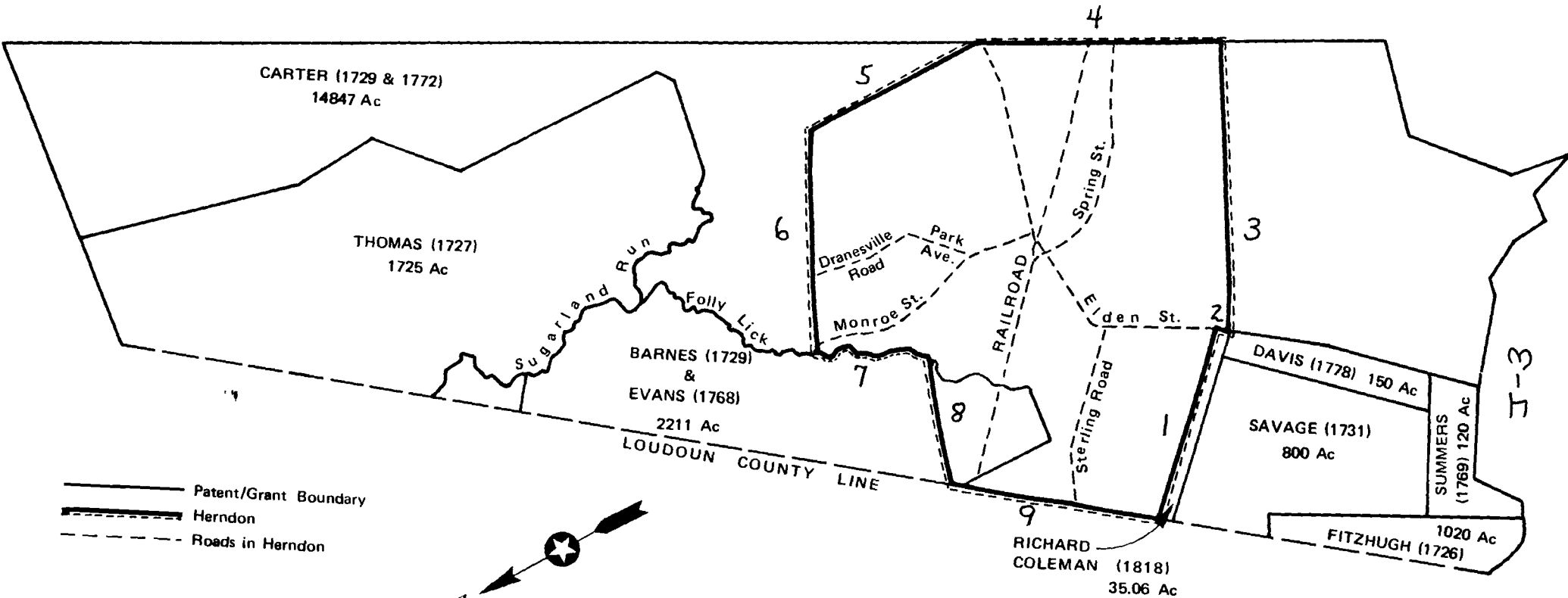
- (1) This is obviously part of the western line of Robert Carter's 1729 patent (Chapter B) and the eastern line of Coleman's 1818 patent (Chapter I).
- (2) Very definitely part of the original boundary of Carter's patent and also of Coleman's 1818 patent (Chapters B and I).
- (3) This is the eastern border of lots 16 and 17 of the Page Lotts (P2/252) (Chapter G).
- (4) This is part of the border between Robert Carter's 1729 patent and Thomas (and later Bryan) Fairfax's circa 1736 patent [I/124(NN), E/38(NN)].
- (5) It is not obvious yet (to me, at least) why this became a boundary of Herndon.
- (6) This is part of the common border between Page Lotts 11 and 13 (Chapter B).
- (7) Folly Lick Run was part of Robert Carter's original patent boundary.

- (8) As described in Chapter A, this was a boundary line between separate lots in 1879 when Herndon was formed; however, it was not an historical line in the sense of patent lines.
- (9) This is the Fairfax-Loudoun boundary and since Herndon was part of Fairfax it clearly could not extend into Loudoun.

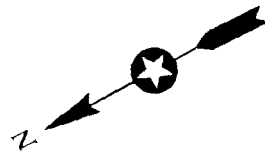
Figure: _____

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DATE: _____ FROM: _____ TO: _____ ACREAGE: _____



- Patent/Grant Boundary
- Herndon
- - - Roads in Herndon



Adapted from Mitchell, "Beginning at White Oak . . ."

SCALE:
 2000' 4000'
 1" = 4000' = 242.4 Rods